

DALASS SHEPSHOT



Nurses' Guide



Having CKD can be a life-changing experience

Patients and their families may feel uncertain about how to manage or choose the best treatment. If their CKD progresses through all the stages of kidney disease, then making a decision about which treatment option to choose is inevitable. When patients are referred too late or delay making this decision, many of them will start hemodialysis (HD) with a temporary access, i.e. an HD catheter.

Most of the time, these patients will remain on HD as their permanent treatment without the opportunity to make an educated modality choice. This booklet was created for nurses to help their patients make informed decisions about dialysis treatment modalities so they can enjoy life to the fullest.



The goals of **Dialysis Snapshot** are to:

- Recognize what values and beliefs are important to the patient and what type of lifestyle they lead
- Apply the learnings about the different modality options and understand how those options can fit in with the patient's lifestyle
- Give patients who started hemodialysis in an unplanned way an opportunity to receive education and re-consider their treatment option
- · Make an informed decision about their treatment

Current choices include Peritoneal Dialysis, Home Hemodialysis, Hemodialysis in the hospital or clinic setting as well as transplant and conservative/no treatment options. *Dialysis Snapshot* does not include transplant or no treatment as options; however, this is something that patients should discuss with their health care team.

Decision Making:

People are more likely to choose an option they think is apt to achieve valued outcomes and avoid undesirable results. Unfortunately, many health care decisions have alternatives that:

- · have both desirable and undesirable outcomes
- have desirable outcomes occurring partially with one option and partially with another

Thus, no alternative will entirely satisfy all of the patients' personal objectives and no alternative is without its risk of undesirable outcomes. This situation is known as a "choice dilemma" or "decisional conflict." Decisional conflict is the uncertainty about which course of action to take when choice among competing actions involves risk, loss, regret or challenge to personal life values. Decision aids can improve patients' knowledge and their level of involvement in treatment decisions. Dialysis Snapshot can assist you in supporting the patient in the shared decision-making process.



The **RNAO best practice guidelines** for Decision Support for Individuals Living with Chronic Kidney Disease identify the following as components of decision support:

- 1. Nurses meet knowledge needs.
- 2. Nurses help patient clarify his/her values.
- 3. Nurses help patient to identify and mobilize resources.
- 4. Nurses help patient to communicate with others during the decision-making process.
- 5. Nurses obtain commitment from patient for next decision-making steps.

Reference: Registered Nurses' Association of Ontario. Decision Support for Adults Living with Chronic Kidney Disease, Clinical Best Practice Guidelines. Ontario: Registered Nurses' Association of Ontario; 2009. p. 34-37.

Dialysis Snapshot is intended to assist patients in clarifying their values. If a patient appears to have knowledge gaps in modality options, please refer to the Patient First Education materials or Living with Kidney Disease flipchart for further information on treatment options. You can contact your Baxter representatives for materials or if you have any questions about Dialysis Snapshot.

The *Dialysis Snapshot*Interactive Assessment

This guide helps nurses:

- encourage their patients to log on to kidneycampus.ca/snapshot and take the assessment so they can learn about other dialysis treatment options
- become familiar with the assessment to answer questions patients might have along the way
- help their patients understand the assessment's results and encourage them to speak to their doctor or nurse about treatment options

Encourage patients to connect to kidneycampus.ca/snapshot and take the *Dialysis Snapshot* assessment

Patients have 2 choices:





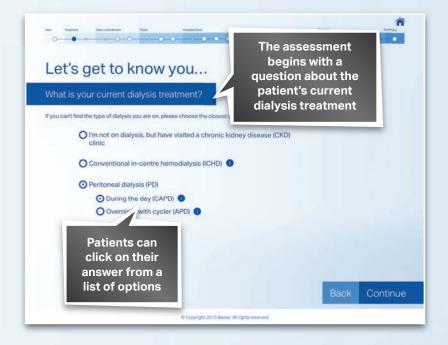
Why should you encourage your patients to take the assessment?



- To help them and their caregivers make informed choices about dialysis treatment options
- To help them find a dialysis treatment that fits their lifestyle so they can enjoy life to the fullest
- It's an interactive and easy way to get information about the different treatments available to them

PART 1:

The assessment starts with a patient background question



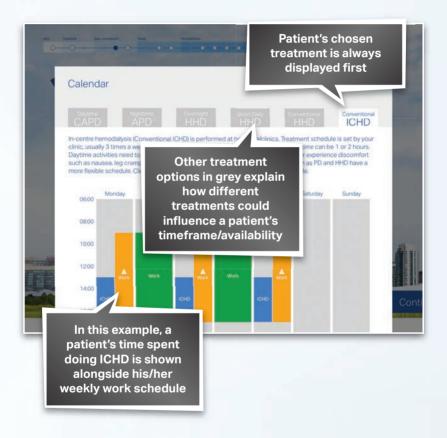
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Is the background question important to answer?



Yes. The answer given will influence the final results and populate the *Dialysis Snapshot* calendar, a detailed timetable that helps patients visualize time spent on dialysis vs. other activities and see how other treatment options may positively impact their daily time.

Example of the *Dialysis Snapshot* calendar: patient's profile



Note: Throughout the assessment, a calendar will appear after certain questions to give patients a glimpse of their snapshot.

PART 2:

Questions about different aspects of life



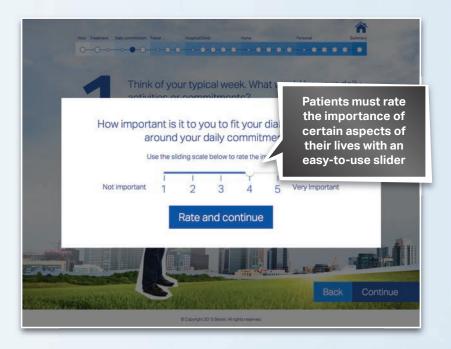
Note: Patients must answer all questions in all 5 categories so a complete picture can be painted of their lifestyle.

Example of a question from the *Dialysis Snapshot*



Note: Results will be revealed on a summary page at the end of the assessment, which can be printed and emailed to share with doctors, nurses, family members, etc.

What are patient ratings?





Why is this step crucial?



Patient ratings influence the final results and the *Dialysis Snapshot* calendar. Furthermore, they help to understand what the patient values and confirm which aspects they are not willing to give up or trade off.

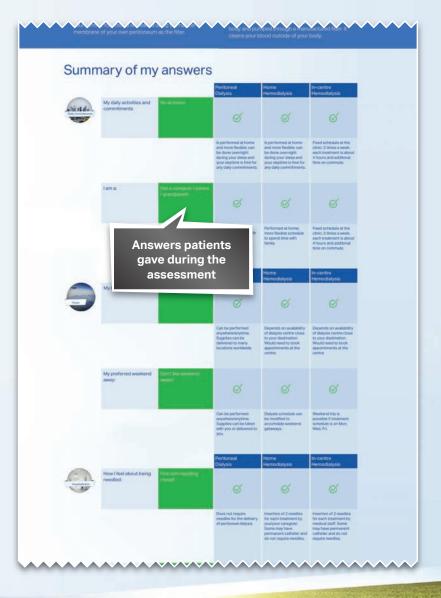
Note: Rating pages will appear throughout the assessment.

Summary page to share



Post-quiz treatment info

This page is a summary of the questions, answers and information provided throughout the assessment.



What's next?



Ask your patients to share their results and discuss with you their values, thoughts or even decisions on treatment options.

The *Dialysis Snapshot* assessment was designed to educate patients on the existence of various dialysis treatments and to let them know that choosing the right treatment can greatly improve their quality of life. Whether patients have already started a dialysis treatment, or are evaluating options before they begin, this assessment will help them navigate through the overwhelming process of making an informed choice. Patients can lead the lives they want and you can help them achieve this goal!

Encourage your patients to log on to kidneycampus.ca/snapshot to get started.

Quiz completed

Once the quiz has been completed, encourage your patients to print out a copy of their results and share it with their doctor to discuss treatment options. If patients want to discuss their results with you, you can go through the suggested treatments with them to see what they think and support them in making a decision on a suitable option.

You can refer them to kidneycampus.ca for more information about kidney disease, treatment options and tools that support patient decision making on dialysis modalities.

Before trying to negotiate a behaviour change, it is good to assess the beliefs, current knowledge and desires of the patient to make a change. People make changes based upon what they see as important. *Dialysis Snapshot* helps you to understand what a patient's important factors are. Knowing how to communicate with your patient by listening and asking questions will result in a thorough assessment of a patient's emotional, medical and situational management of their chronic disease.

Below are some examples of questions that you can review with patients using the results from *Dialysis Snapshot*:

I) Assess patient's beliefs:

Review the results with patients.

- Based on the results, what are the most important things to you?
- Do the results make sense to you?
- Is there anything surprising to you?

Did the patient complete this with family members/ significant others?

- Do you prefer to share this decision or decide for yourself?
- Do you have enough advice and support from others to make a choice?
- Do you need to hear the views of someone specific?

Are some of the responses a result of a lack of awareness regarding the resources available?

II) Assess patient's current knowledge:

Do you notice any gaps in knowledge that may have skewed the results for the patient?

- Do you know what options are available to you?
- Do you know both the benefits and risks of each?
- Are you clear about which benefits and risks matter most to you?

III) Assess desire of the patient to make changes:

Ask patients:

- How confident are you that your decision for renal replacement therapy type is the right one for you?
- Are you ready to make a plan?
- Do you need to discuss the options with anyone else? If so, with whom?



Advise and guide patients if you notice there are any knowledge gaps. Listen to patients to see if they have a shift in thinking (or Change Talk).

Here are some examples:

- · Noticing that there are disadvantages to the way things are:
 - I guess there's more of a problem here than I realize
- Recognizing that there are advantages to making a change:
 - I would feel better if I made a change
- · Expressing optimism about change:
 - I feel confident that I can do this
- Stating a determination to change:
 - I've got to do something

References:

Miller, W., Rollnick, S. Motivational Interviewing: Preparing People for Change. Second edition New York: The Guilford Press; 2002.

Rollnick, S, Miller W, Butler C. Motivational Interviewing in Health Care. New York: The Guilford Press: 2008.

Registered Nurses Association of Orland. Decision Support for Addits Elving with Orlands Kidney Disease, Clinical Best Practice Guidelines, Ontario; Registered Nurses' Association of Ontario; 2009.

If the patient is confident in their decision, make plans to obtain commitment towards the next step in the decision-making process, i.e. access referral or meeting with home therapy nurses.

